### U.S. Department of Labor

Office of Labor-Management Standards Philadelphia-Pittsburgh District Office Federal Office Building 1000 Liberty Avenue, Suite 1411 Pittsburgh, PA 15222 (412) 395-6925 Fax: (412) 395-5409



February 24, 2023

Mr. Anthony Bunn, Financial Secretary-Treasurer Transportation Communications Workers (TCU)/IAM Case Number: 140-6021066(LM Number: 027-018

Dear Mr. Bunn:

This office has recently completed an audit of TCU/IAM under the Compliance Audit Program (CAP) to determine your organization's compliance with the provisions of the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959 (LMRDA). As discussed during the exit interview with you on February 9, 2023, the following problems were disclosed during the CAP. The matters listed below are not an exhaustive list of all possible problem areas since the audit conducted was limited in scope.

# Recordkeeping Violations

Title II of the LMRDA establishes certain reporting and recordkeeping requirements. Section 206 requires, among other things, that labor organizations maintain adequate records for at least five years by which each receipt and disbursement of funds, as well as all account balances, can be verified, explained, and clarified. As a general rule, labor organizations must maintain all records used or received in the course of union business.

For disbursements, this includes not only original bills, invoices, receipts, vouchers, and applicable resolutions, but also documentation showing the nature of the union business requiring the disbursement, the goods or services received, and the identity of the recipient(s) of the goods or services. In most instances, this documentation requirement can be satisfied with a sufficiently descriptive expense receipt or invoice. If an expense receipt is not sufficiently descriptive, a union officer or employee should write a note on it providing the additional information. For money it receives, the labor organization must keep at least one record showing the date, amount, purpose, and source of that money. The labor organization must also retain bank records for all accounts.

The audit of Lodge T-584's 2019 records revealed the following recordkeeping violations:

### Reimbursed Auto Expenses

Financial Secretary-Treasurer who received reimbursement for business use of his personal vehicle did not retain adequate documentation to support payments to him

totaling at least \$186.44 during 2019. The union must maintain records which identify the dates of travel, locations traveled to and from, and number of miles driven. The record must also show the business purpose of each use of a personal vehicle for business travel by an officer or employee who was reimbursed for mileage expenses.

## 2. Lack of Salary Authorization

Lodge T-584 did not maintain records to verify that the salaries reported in Item 24 (All Officer and Disbursements to Officers) of the LM-3 was the authorized amount and therefore was correctly reported. The union must keep a record, such as meeting minutes, to show the current salary authorized by the entity or individual in the union with the authority to establish salaries.

Based on your assurance that Lodge T-584 will retain adequate documentation in the future, OLMS will take no further enforcement action at this time regarding the above violations.

## Reporting Violations

The audit disclosed a violation of LMRDA Section 201(b), which requires labor organizations to file annual financial reports accurately disclosing their financial condition and operations. The Labor Organization Annual Report (Form LM-3) filed by Lodge T-584 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, was deficient in the following area:

### Disbursements to Officers

Lodge T-584 did not include some reimbursements to officers totaling at least \$711.05 in the amounts reported Item 24 (All Officers and Disbursements to Officers). It appears the union erroneously reported these payments in Item 48 and Item 54.

The union must report most direct disbursements to Lodge T-584 officers and some indirect disbursements made on behalf of its officers in Item 24. A "direct disbursement" to an officer is a payment made to an officer in the form of cash, property, goods, services, or other things of value. See the instructions for Item 24 for a discussion of certain direct disbursements to officers that do not have to be reported in Item 24. An "indirect disbursement" to an officer is a payment to another party (including a credit card company) for cash, property, goods, services, or other things of value received by or on behalf of an officer. However, indirect disbursements for temporary lodging (such as a union check issued to a hotel) or for transportation by a public carrier (such as an airline) for an officer traveling on union business should be reported in Item 48 (Office and Administrative Expense).

I am not requiring that Lodge T-584 file an amended LM report for 2019 to correct the deficient items, but Lodge T-584 has agreed to properly report the deficient items on all future reports it files with OLMS.

## Other Issues

The audit disclosed the following other issue:

**Expense Policy** 

As I discussed during the exit interview with you, the audit revealed that Lodge T-584 does not have a clear policy regarding the types of expenses personnel may claim for reimbursement. OLMS recommends that unions adopt written guidelines concerning such matters.

I want to extend my personal appreciation to Lodge T-584 for the cooperation and courtesy extended during this compliance audit. I strongly recommend that you make sure this letter and the compliance assistance materials provided to you are passed on to future officers. If we can provide any additional assistance, please do not hesitate to call.

Investigator	

Sincerely,

cc: , International Auditor Ms. Shawn Davis, President